## Oxyitopis subsection Arctobia



## Zachary Meyers

## What is Oxytropis?

- Family (Fabaceae)
- Leaves usually pinnately compound
- 5 merous filowers = zygomorphic (Papilionoideae)
$\lrcorner$ Staindard $(1)+2$ wings (1) + keel (2 fused petals)
- Diadelphous ( $9+1$ stamens)
- Fruit is a Legume
- N-fixing
- Neural toxin (swainsonine) results in seizure, apparent blindness, clumsy gait, and death
- Locoweed


## History of Oxytropis

$\lrcorner$ DeCandolle established Oxytropis genus in 1802; based exclusively on old world species
$\perp$ A genus in flux

- Numerous nomenclature changes due to high morphological variability
- "The species listed seemed far to outnumber those existing in nature, while their names, as they shifted back and forth between Aragallus and Spiesia, Oxytropis and Astragalus"
--- Barneby
- Astragalus vs Oxytiopis
- The status of Oxytropis as a genus distinct from Astragalus has been argued for more than a century
- "A genus is perceived by the sum of characters common to its members, not by one of two which may prove unique to it and thereby become a practical use in a key"


## History of Oxyitropis (cont)

- Famous botanist who examined the genus:
- Ase Gray (1810-1888)
- Al. Bunge
- Sectio. Arctobía
- Sectio. Caeciabia
- Rubert Barneby (1911-2000)
- Stanley L Welsh (Present)
- Aggregated nigrescens complex
- Boris YurtzeV (1932-2004)
- Split nigrescens complex
- O. czukotica Jurtzev
- O. gorodkovil Jurtzev


## Genera Key

A. Leaves with a slender terminal tendril
B. Style filiform, bearded near apex
B. Style flattened, bearded down inner side
A. Leaves lacking tendrils
C. Leaflets 3
D. Inflorescence globose
D. Inflorescence spikelike or racemose
E. Flowers in short headlike racemes; pods curved or spirally coiled
E. Flowers in elongate racemes; pods ovoid
C. Leaflets more than 3
F. Legume articulated with transverse joints
F. Legume not articulated
G. Leaves palmately lobed
G. Leaves pinnate
H. Calyx lobes subulate, much longer than tube; fruit round, strongly reticulated, bearing stout spines on reticulations, 1 -seeded
H. Calyx lobes shorter than tube; fruit elongated, not strongly reticulated or bearing spines, several-seeded
I. Stems usually leafy; keel of corolla blunt Astragalus
I. Stems usually not leafy; keel of corolla tipped into an erect point

## Keels

Oxytropis


## Distribution Map

(Endemics and Amphi Beringian)


## Species Key

(Oxyiropis subsect. Arctobia)

1. Leaves unifoliate or trifoliate
........... O. mertensiana
2. Leaves pinnate, leaves with more than 3 leaflets
2.Stipules and caudex rust-brown; flowers bright pink to pink purple
O. kokrinensis
2.Stipules yellow-green or clear, with dark brown caudex; flowers range from deep purple to yellow
3. Ascending/erect habit, entire plant not densely covered with strigose hairs; flowers in clusters of 3s; elliptical or rotund legumes
4. Pods inflated, wider than long
O. podocarpa
5. Pods elliptical, longer than wide

## 5.Scapes decumbent and

 rise above the caudex6.Scapes "clustered in succession" $\qquad$ O. scammaniana
6.Scapes solitary predominantly longer than
leaflets;
O. revoluta
5.Scape buried in caudex; Pods elliptic, with abruptly hooked beak, glabrous or minutely strigose

........... O. huddelsonif

3. Pulvinate to semi-compact; entire plant densely covered with strigose hairs; flowers usually in pairs; cylindrical legumes
4. Entire plant snow-white, 1 flower per peduncle
.......... O. arctobia
5. Entire plant grayish-pubescent; flowers mostly in pairs:
8.Plant densely caespitose, strigose-pubescent with papilla on hairs
6. Older pedicels thin, slightly curved/coiled in ascending fashion
........... O. czukotica
7. Older pedicels erect
8. White tufts of strigose hairs only at apex of margin; only in Siberia
O. nigrescens
9. Tufts all along the leaf margin; found through AK
O. bryophila
10. Plant pulvinate, densely lanate with no pappilae on hairs

## Species Profiles

Other:

Nigrescens Complex:

- O. gorodkovii
- O. arctobia
- O. czukotica
- O. bryophila
- O. nigrescens
- O. mertensiana
- O. kokrinensis
- O. scammaniana
- O. revoluta
- O. podocarpa
- O. huddelsonii


## O. mertensiana

## Unifoliate or Trifoliate leaves



## O. koksinensis



Caudex and Stipules Rust-brown

## O. podocarpa

Legume inflated


## O. scaminamiana

Clustered in succession



Decumbent/ Erect


Legume Shape

## O. revolutite



Large ovate leaflets (well spaced)

Solitary scape


## 0. huclde/soniii



Legume elliptic, with abruptly hooked beak

## O. arctobía



Snow-white Leaflets


1 flower per scape

## O. cZukOtice


O. bryophilla


Papillae on hairs


Legumes cylindrical


## O. nigrescens



3 flowers per pedicel


Tufted Pubescence at Apex

## O. gorodkovii



No papillae on hairs

## Literature Cited

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