Oxytropis subsection Arctobia





Zachary Meyers

What is Oxytropis?

Family (Fabaceae)

- Leaves usually pinnately compound
- 5 merous flowers = zygomorphic (Papilionoideae)
 - Standard (1) + 2 wings (1) + keel (2 fused petals)
- Diadelphous (9+1 stamens)
- Fruit is a Legume
- N-fixing
- Neural toxin (swainsonine) results in seizure, apparent blindness, clumsy gait, and death
- Locoweed

History of Oxytropis

- DeCandolle established Oxytropis genus in 1802; based exclusively on old world species
- A genus in flux
 - Numerous nomenclature changes due to high morphological variability
 - "The species listed seemed far to outnumber those existing in nature, while their names, as they shifted back and forth between *Aragallus and Spiesia*, *Oxytropis and Astragalus*" ---- Barneby
 - Astragalus vs Oxytropis
 - The status of Oxytropis as a genus distinct from Astragalus has been argued for more than a century
 - "A genus is perceived by the sum of characters common to its members, not by one of two which may prove unique to it and thereby become a practical use in a key"
 --- Barneby

History of Oxytropis (cont)

Famous botanist who examined the genus: ■ Asa Gray (1810-1888) Al. Bunge Sectio. Arctobia Sectio. Caeciabia Rubert Barneby (1911-2000) Stanley L Welsh (Present) Aggregated nigrescens complex Boris Yurtzev (1932-2004) Split nigrescens complex - O. czukotica Jurtzev – O. gorodkovii Jurtzev

Genera Key

- A. Leaves with a slender terminal tendril
 - B. Style filiform, bearded near apex
 - B. Style flattened, bearded down inner side
- A. Leaves lacking tendrils
 - C. Leaflets 3
 - D. Inflorescence globose
 - D. Inflorescence spikelike or racemose
 - E. Flowers in short headlike racemes; pods curved or spirally coiled
 - E. Flowers in elongate racemes; pods ovoid
 - C. Leaflets more than 3
 - F. Legume articulated with transverse joints
 - F. Legume not articulated
 - G. Leaves palmately lobed
 - G. Leaves pinnate

H. Calyx lobes subulate, much longer than tube; fruit round, strongly reticulated, bearing stout spines on reticulations, 1-seeded

H. Calyx lobes shorter than tube; fruit elongated, not strongly reticulated or bearing spines, several-seeded

I. Stems usually leafy; keel of corolla blunt

.... Astragalus

I. Stems usually not leafy; keel of corolla tipped into an erect point

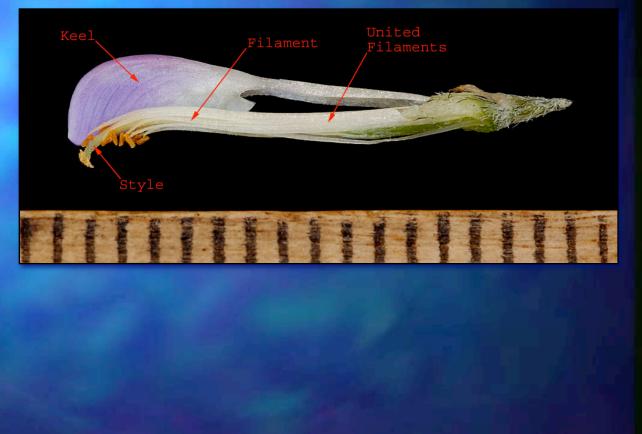
Oxytropis

Keels

Oxytropis

Astragalus





http://www.colinherb.com/Leguminosae/Astragalus/Adsurgens/Astragalus_adsurgens.htm

Distribution Map (Endemics and Amphi Beringian)



Species Key (*Oxytropis* subsect. *Arctobia*)

1. Leaves unifoliate or trifoliate

..... O. mertensiana

..... O. podocarpa

5.Scapes decumbent and

..... O. scammaniana

- 1. Leaves pinnate, leaves with more than 3 leaflets

 - 2.Stipules yellow-green or clear, with dark brown caudex; flowers range from deep purple to yellow
 - 3. Ascending/erect habit, entire plant not densely covered with strigose hairs; flowers in clusters of 3s; elliptical or rotund legumes
 - 4. Pods inflated, wider than long

4. Pods elliptical, longer than wide

rise above the caudex

6.Scapes "clustered in succession"

6.Scapes solitary predominantly longer than

leaflets;

..... O. revoluta

5.Scape buried in caudex; Pods elliptic, with **abruptly hooked beak**, glabrous or minutely strigose

..... O. huddelsonii

3. Pulvinate to semi-compact; entire plant densely covered with strigose hairs; flowers usually in pairs; cylindrical legumes

7. Entire plant grayish-pubescent; flowers mostly in pairs:

8.Plant densely caespitose, strigose-pubescent with papilla on hairs

9. Older pedicels thin, slightly curved/coiled in ascending fashion

..... O. czukotica

9. Older pedicels erect

10. White tufts of strigose hairs only at apex of margin; only in Siberia *O. nigrescens*

10. Tufts all along the leaf margin; found through AK

..... O. bryophila

8. Plant pulvinate, densely lanate with no pappilae on hairs

Species Profiles

Nigrescens Complex:

- O. gorodkovii
- O. arctobia
- O. czukotica
- O. bryophila
- O. nigrescens

Other:

- O. mertensiana
- O. kokrinensis
- O. scammaniana
- O. revoluta
- O. podocarpa
- O. huddelsonii

O. mertensiana

Unifoliate or Trifoliate leaves





O. kokrinensis





Caudex and Stipules Rust-brown

O. podocarpa

Legume inflated





O. scammaniana

Clustered in succession





Decumbent/ Erect



Legume Shape

O. revoluta



Large ovate leaflets (well spaced)

Solitary scape



Strigose hairs appressed at the edge of leaflet

(cupped)



O. huddelsonii





Legume elliptic, with abruptly hooked beak

O. arctobia





Snow-white Leaflets

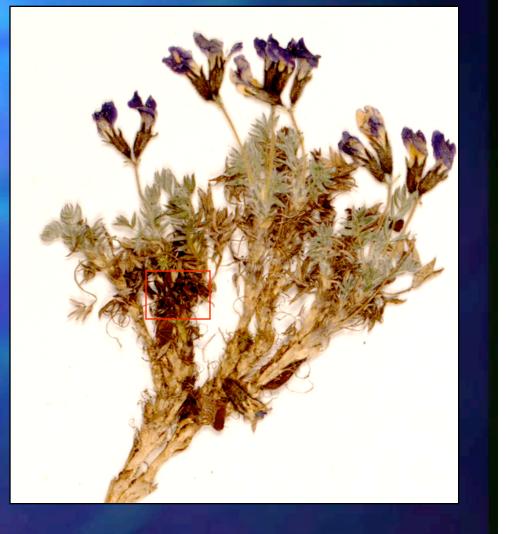


1 flower per scape

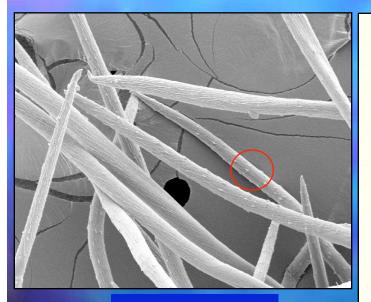
O. czukotica

Curved/Coiled





O. bryophila



Papillae on hairs



Legumes cylindrical



O. nigrescens





3 flowers per pedicel



Tufted Pubescence at Apex







Lanate



No papillae on hairs

Literature Cited

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