

JCE 82 IV

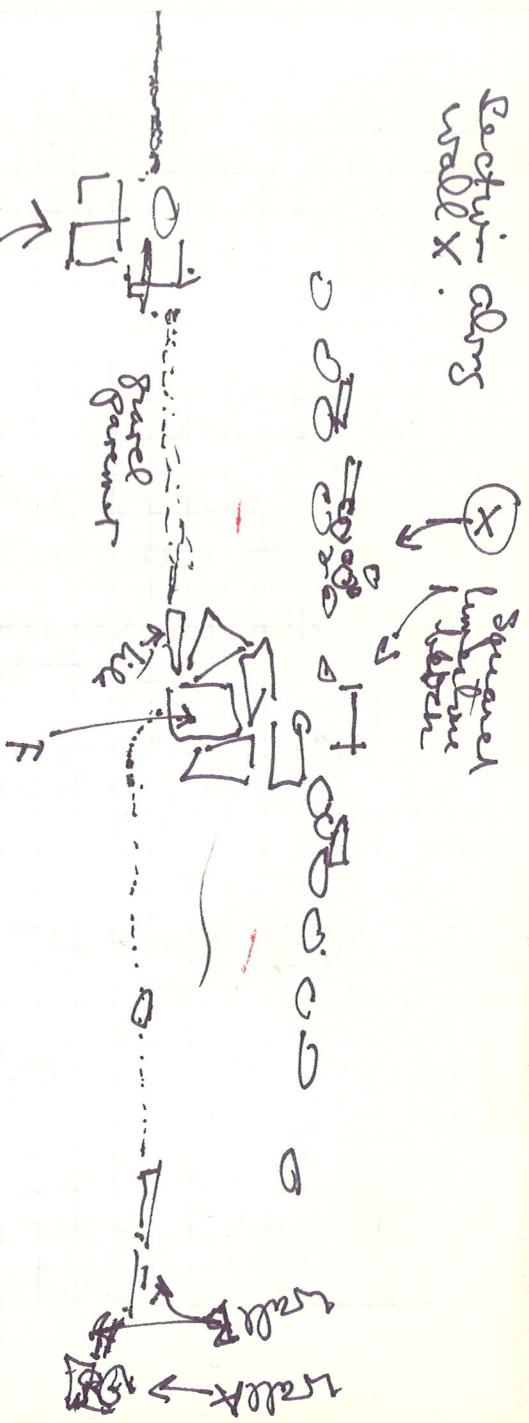


pignostyl

a5

Secturing along wall X.

(X) Squared
limestone
blocks



(July 19)

Wall A - Old large pieces of limestone, some
~~large~~ "pudding" stone chunks
wall. B flat limestone
wall C - Large chunks of Puddingstone
wall D, E, similar to C
wall F - Large irregular stones &
limestone
wall X, Y, Z - Puddingstone, tiles, some smaller
limestone and puddling stone chunks

wall C seems to continue north under baulk in N'-3, but there is only one sandstone chunk in line, to indicate this.

~~Pavement~~:

Levels

- 8.9 ① Pavement associated with wall A, at level of "wall B"
- 8.6 ② Pavement to west of wall F and associated with C
- 8.62 ③ Pavement associated with walls D and E
- 8.4 ④ Pavement associated with walls (X) and (Y) to the west of (Y)
- 8.3 ⑤ Tile fall to the east of (Y) in N'-4
- 8.08 ⑥ Sewer in M'-4
- 8.48 ⑦ bottom of bath tub 1 to north of wall X in N'-5
- 8.26 ⑧ bottom of bath tub 2, baulk

Level.

- 9.08 (9) Lower, less distinct layer of very fine pebbles, visible in East face of Cut along N'-S' 0'-5'. This more evident in South half of N'-S' Taken at mid-point N'-S'.
- 8.80 (10) Upper, more distinct layer of fine pebbles. Taken at three points in North half of N'-S'. (It was cut away already in South half of N'-S', where wheelbarrow tract passes close.)
- 8.78 (11) Mid point of north half of N'-S'. The distinct layer
- 8.79 (12) N'-S'. The distinct layer
The less distinct layer would seem to be right for pavement of ~~the~~ last extension of ABC building. The more distinct 'that' of xyz building

10265

Inated, after we look at numbers, the more distinct layer is approximately signs for parades of ABC laundry. The less distinct may have been associated with ~~the~~ abandonment of the archaic sanctuary. Let's see how it compares with layers of ~~the~~ N-S bank ~~the~~ N'-S'/O'+S removed earlier this year.

Layers of talus (or) boulders of bank
from Marks notes

bottom	P'-5	O'-5	midpoint
but 3.	-9.08	-9.06	-8.93

(July 5)

Layer

(Date). -10.05 -9.97 -

(July 9)

Let's see now if but 3 has Classical, but 4. Archaic. If so, that is significant of fainter layer of pebbles.

blocks on paddingstone blocks.

top of stairs in monumental wall
- 8.89

top of second block from door
in Huskum's at wall (inside, upright)
- 8.58

top third block in "west"
paddingstone monumental
wall (highest, in situ upright)
- 8.94 -

Note, that these blocks of "West"
wall are not large, more are
they as high as those of east.
Perhaps they didn't have to be.

Today, removed wheelbarrow
dumps. First the little section
over continuation of pebble
pavement to east of Wall A.
Then below level of wall A, to
south. First baulks here is
large roots of canne.

A shallow bathita is the area of the fieldstone pavement to the east of the long fieldstone wall. We go below the level of the pavement. Roots of Canna and archaic pottery.

It is clear from clearing of fieldstone wall and pavement that the pavements came after the "west wall" of puddingstone.

Note. In bottom of this 1st bathita about 80 cms to west of our cut (removal of NS bank) and 80 cms to south of the EW sounding in 0'-4' / 0'-3' of 1982. - deposit of Ionic cups. Vertically they are above the clay bank which (in sounding) has been shown to divide E and W channels. The cups are first west. An area of fieldstone pavement.

"West Wall" preceded Pavement because some of field stones filled areas where there were chunks removed from Pudding Core. Fieldstone Pavement respects also fieldstone wall but should be Contemporaneous.

Later^{NS} wall of small frags of Puddingstone stops short of fieldstone wall. It is separated from fieldstone pavement by a layer of clay about 20 cms thick. There is a clear corner in fieldstone wall just to west of point where later NS wall stops. The North projection of fieldstone wall here stops where later wall stops. Could the later structure have made use of this small section of fieldstone wall for its foundation? The southward extension of later wall beyond EW fieldstone wall composed of large blocks of Puddingstone? like those

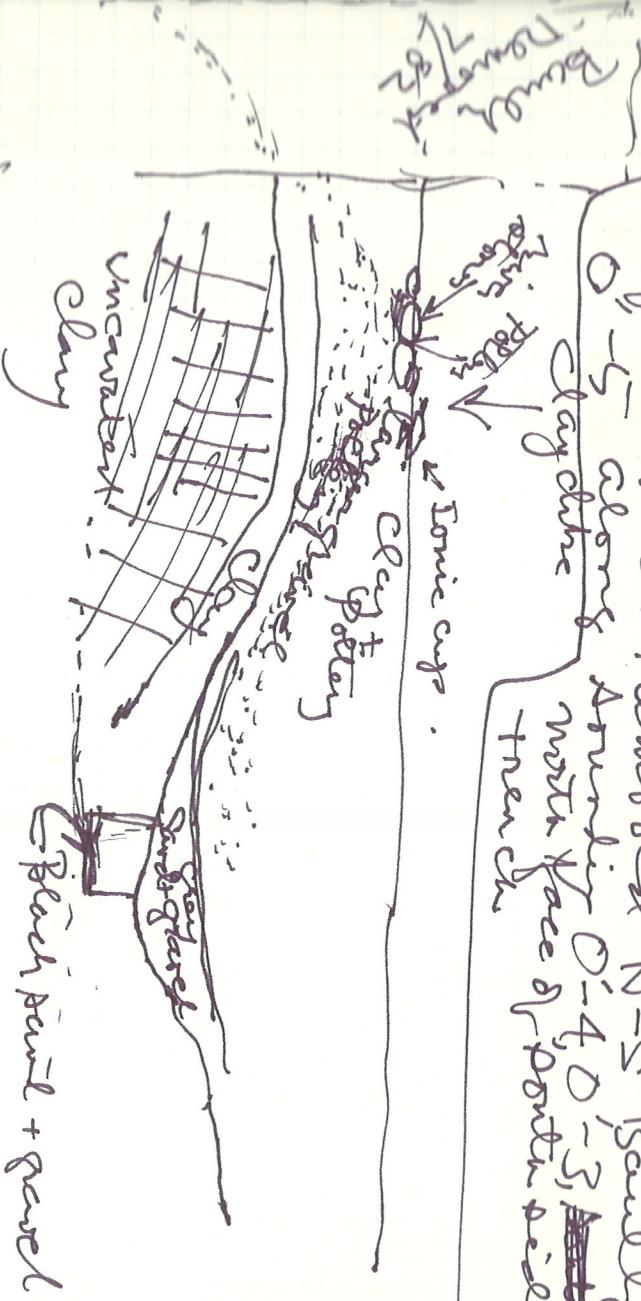
Bacchus Green Poppy of two types
most rare. Discovered December

roughly in line with it - the
three which have been topped
over and are clearly not in situ.
They could have been reused from
a southern part of "West Wall" of
puddingstone which had larger
blocks. The puddingstone blocks
left in situ, do partially
support the later wall.

The mound of fieldstone
referred to above as a ~~perme~~^{perme}
which is found just to ~~East~~^{East} of
puddingstone wall. Seems
to stop short of West bank
of West Channel from Spring.
The eastern sections of perme
may also relate to channels of
Archaic Spring after it had
filled up to a certain level.

Sketch Section From East face
of cut where removed N-S Bank N-S
0'-5' along standing 0'-4' 0'-3' ~~Bank~~
with face of bank side of
trench

Ionic cut.



Note: Ricing tones here in eastern sector of
0'-4' fallen out pottery on top of graves layer.

July 20

We began this morning to work in two areas:

1) N'-4, north of wall X ad east of wall Y, northward to the north edge of the bank which has been removed, and eastward to wall Z.

So far in this area 2 batteries to take the bank down to level of tile fall or just below.

1 battery to south of bank we should call the next general battery, no. 3, keeping in mind that a second was not made

in area to south of bank

2) Area to east of wall A

to the ~~east~~ as far as

the cut which removed the NS bank N'-5/O'-5

object to see release
between X & Z are ABC
Circles and pick up
some of sandstone blocks
in O'-3

To the boundary in 0'4/0'3
(7/82) Object below is to
reveal course of W channel
and spit which appeared
partially exposed by removal
of bank N'5/0'4

In this area we are now
Completing balustrade I. Which
as noted yesterday is mostly
Canne roots with some
archaic pottery

In XY2 building. Test 3
is in and just under fine
tile fall, associated with
the soils.

In SW corner tiles over a
Coarse pavement, with irregular
flat pieces of limestone capping
to west of wall Y. In
NE corner of trench about
5cm below level of Coarse
Pavement is one of five pebbles
which might be part of ABC
building

(S85) -
for removal of Oct 8-3

take photographs of fall
and two pavements. This
is all the first Balluta -
To south on 0'-4, N'-4 East
Balluta 2 produces small
volute cups shells.
Balluta 3, a lot of pottery
especially at North end of
trench is exposed. Small
volute conic cups; Lehane
base - .

levels for N'-4 XYZ building
tile fall and pavements
~~bottom of Bat 3 begun this am~~
1 - tile fall. -1.85
H: 0.13 above ~~675~~
bm. -1.92
- 2.0
N'-4 / 0'-4
Photographs
levels bat. 3 taken by mark

In The XY 2 Structure

Bat 3 corresponds to habitation level, between tile floor and floor. Bat 4 is under the floor and down to the second pavement of small pebbles.

Bat 4 contains mostly coarse ware.

In bat 4 of the South area (over W. Channel) large vessels, and an amphora rim. There is a piece which looks indigenous and the is fragment of a cup with concentric circles (like that from city, so think). Bat 4 is the first that has a really high content of sand. There is an isolated mass of small stones in center of trench (excavated W/ shovel).

which might correspond to the
west bank of west ~~Glene~~ Channel.

levels N'-4 above W
bank Channel.

-3.17 North end of trench

-3.25 South end of trench

bat 4. had a little
rise under the large
one at N. end of trench

N'-4 north of wall X

The West side of space
beside wall Y does not
have pavement.

Small feature in west wall
are two upright stones

~~Major and minor components of plan~~

July 21

Nodding wall X., in SW corner of space defined by walls X and Y (and Z) at the level of the 2nd part there are two upright flat stones, one horizontal



The top of this feature is 40 cms below the top of Wall Y.

Position corresponds with large mass of stones, irregular cobbles in south face of cut below Wall X.

Note:
What has been referred to
as pavement I, of XYZ
Structure has many frags
of Sandstone in it, of upright
dimensions to have formed
part of wall. There are smaller
pebbles, ~~but~~ which would
have belonged to pavement -

The larger stones are
probably fall from the wall.

We leave a sample of this
"pavement" in South next to
wall X, to excavate in
SW corner to clarify the
feature with upright stones
and to look for more
conglomerate block wall.

Pepe thinks he has evidence
of where a block was in
this corner -

Large flat stones like those at
Wall B are found below the
level of Room 1, next to the
feature described above.

The excavation enlarged by
taking down some ^{more} of EW bank
in N-4 and cutting through the
Y wall in area of Room B
where it is very thin -

Banks. Upper level. - 7.70

There is grey ware, tile
like trash from the factory.

At - 8.14 there is a layer
of gravel which is also
evident in South face of EW
bank. Almost no material.

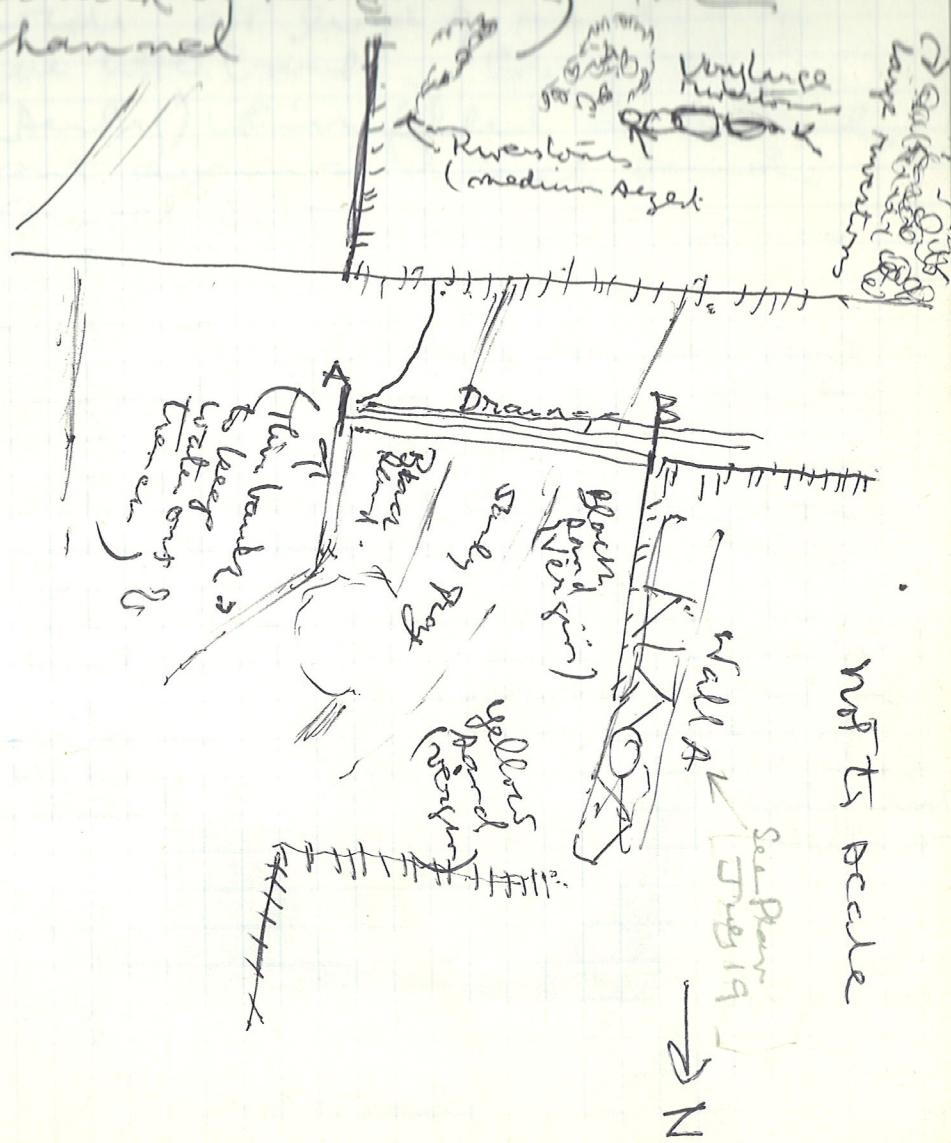
(We are just below Stake
N-4. This layer of
broken broken tile is more
or less even with top of
wall Y, ~~whose~~ (perhaps just
slightly closer. whereas the
so-called Room 1. is below

Unusual N-S trench foundations in walls
believed from other local bluffs
are considered as part of
entablature of building.

Note: The limestone blocks
found in ~~concrete~~ walls X and
Y is found to be a trough; hollow
out with thin walls. There are
several pieces of wall broken
away.

In N-S "also west channel"
the course of channel and
relation to pit filled with
Grey Clay is now clear. The
lowest level of channel is
visible in section - at the
South end of this trench. (A
small bank was left between
this N-S trench and the EW

trench, dug earlier. This
forms as wall of drainage
channel out of E-W trench,
Created by Lemards - The
channel

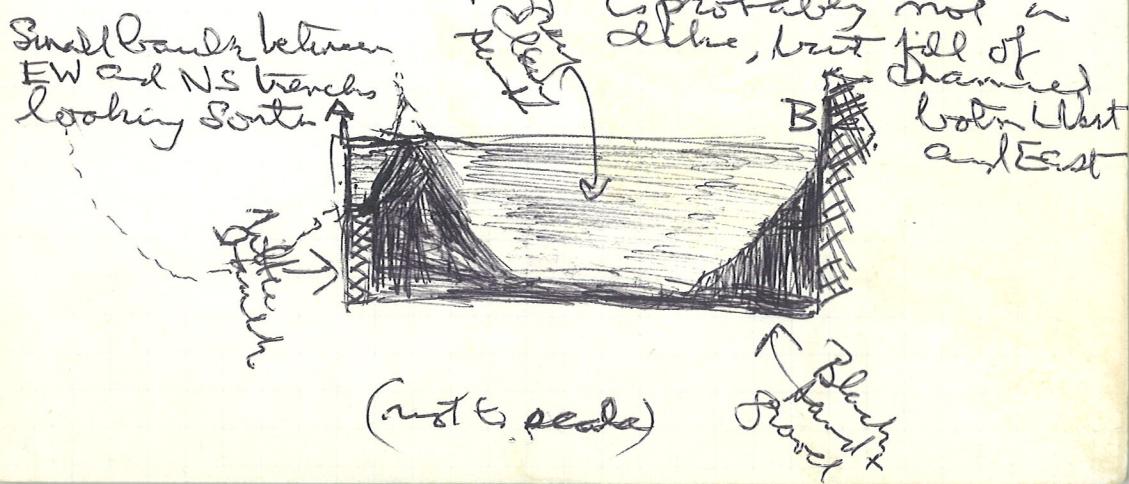


notes scale

The channel probably has
little bank beside drainage.
Clift in South end of NS
trench is about 80-90 cm
wide at foot of the top of
the little bank. Gray Clay
(Sandy) when filled it stands
out against black sand
gravel into which it was
cut.

Not. This black sandy soil
is found all over the south
end of this area also in
~~SE~~ corner of collecting basin
as we saw earlier this
year.

Note: The mound of clay in
East end of EW trench is 0'-4' - 3



EW Bank in N' - 4. Agam

But 1: Gray ware
superficial.

But 2 - ~~so~~ material, several
poor frags of BG

~~But 3~~ Down to thin layer of
gravel at level of top of
wall Y.

But ~~3~~^{3/4}. BG Cap. in ~~bank~~

But 3. to level of so-called
Pavement 1, which consists
here of fine pebbles.
f. BG base handle.

But 4 - Coarse ware

Reckoned pit in West
Channel

It is filled with clay on
top, sand soil below and
layers of very fine gravel.
Material includes very
large Cup, Amphora neck
and rim. An a glomeration
of shells. - Oyster, Telene,
etc at South end (photograph)
which was attached to two
large stones

The sounding in depth
through the ^{2nd} pavement in N^o 4
Dark brown Soil differs from
Chay in area of channel
We reach virgin at about
40 cms below ^{2nd} pavement.

~~Ground water
soil sample for analysis~~

July 22

Container is rectangular pit in Wash channel. Is it a volatile deposit or a basin for collecting water.
(Amphithe neck)



Bottom material is bottom

Fill drainage channel from
Spring area with large river stones
Refile rectangular pit with same
Soil

Pollen Sample. A Surface
From East Face of Cut
beside W. Channel in N-4
beginning from level of Pavement
of XYZ through ABC.
to bottom of W. Channel.

125 cms. We are just this
side (to north) of X wall.

Sample B 120 ~~below~~ ^{below} Pavement

C 100 ~~below~~ ^{above} Pavement
~~of ABC~~

Samples. D 80. ~~above~~ ^{above} below ABC pavnt
5 cms high
~~above midpoint~~
levels
indicated E 60 ~~below~~

F 40. ~~below~~

G 20 ~~below~~ ^{above} bottom
~~of ABC~~

H 0 above bottom
of W. Chanl
Virgin earth

Even Fall Face & Cut
Bassar Zombor - V. 200 ft.

Samples taken from the West face of the NS Cut ~~from across~~ the fallen structures and walls in the north part of the Collecting basin, at 44'-7½'. The samples are keyed into a vertical coordinate grid drawn over Suzanne's section. The grid is divided into vertical strips 10 cms wide and horizontal strips 5 cms high. The thickness of the blocks to be removed is 20 cms.

First vertical column is at D.E, Second ~~D.E.~~ at M.L and third, at R.S.

Pope removes the fallen stones just below wall to expose a vertical section of it. We have the impression that the stones against the wall were deliberately placed there to reinforce wall though some are certainly pieces of

gravelly soil. A small stone tablet
in the field on the northern side of the
water, looks like sand and fine
gravel. Very hard and unbreakable.

Alessandro ~~measures~~
all the freddingstone blocks
on this part of the site to
determine if they belonged
to 6th Cent enclosure wall.

Quare 0'2.

22 - VII - 33 - 3m
(W) Batt. 3

J

Some of the workmen worked yesterday levelling off the northern part of the trench, where it was left slightly higher ^(approx. 10cm.) after Batt. 4 in this square. Finds were: a few boxes, large pieces of coarse ware - an amph. toe, rims of mortaria - no pastagruia no ashtreie.

End levels 0'30 - 8.99

0'20 - 9.00

This northern sector ~~is under~~
the level called Level B when work
was done earlier this season in this area
between June 10 and 14. Materials are
the surface and approx. 10cm.
below.

O.D. Ball G
23-VII-1922 J.B.

Four workmen using picks
and the dumper move rapidly through
this bathuta, approx. 20 cm. deep.

Materials - many bones - large
(cow or horse) and coarse wares
and tiles. One amphora rim and
handle is corinthian A - (could be as early as

~~mid 7th~~ or as late as mid-sixth). There is
also one small black glazed (?) unguentarium? base.

The earth is mixed; clay with sand

mixed in. Munsell: South - 10YR 4/2 dk. grayish brown
Sandy clay 10YR 4/6 dk. yellowish brown
Pure clay W. of tiles 10YR 4/1 + 4/2
(dark gray + dark grayish brown)

To the East Leonardo finds a level

of Tile fall and clay w/~~sand~~ sand.

Just east of the tile fall + the large

limestone block there is pure clay

Munsell: 10YR 4/1 (dark gray)

(2)

The tile scatter begins about 60 cm N. of ~~the~~ the south ~~part~~ wall of the trench and with very few tiles. They are more dense in the ch. of the trench, and stop under the large limestone block. There are small pebbles mixed with the tiles. Further north, next to two other large stones is a moulded mortarium (or coarse krater) with ivy decoration.

There are also fragments of Hittite wares to the West - one black glazed skyphos handle, for example.

In the 2nd meter to the East, and 5th meter to the north, the soil changes to pure clay, which is uncovered as far as the tile fall.

A bit N., under the column drum is found one sherd of Paste Orieia.

the area now with the
Battalions to cover both of
the edges square off.

This decided to leave the tile fill
for this the time being. Thus Batt. 7
will include only the area West of
and S. of the tile fill.

end ~~etc~~ levels: p' 3. - 9.14
p' 2. - 9.22

ctr. of tilefill = 9.09
0' 3. - 9.15 0' 2. - 9.14

for over and over again.

(cont'd)
0.5 Dose's

0' Ball.

26.VII.1938.

C. New (unseen) mites

(2) types and one of (1) last
day's wall (part of) *Calymene*
earliest Palaeozoic Bank.

From Carbonaceous layer in
bank N-G, that which
didn't go to Rome.

- Nos. (3) two large bags }
(5) one }
(6) one }
all collected separately

II (2) one, collected separately
unnumbered, collected
separately

coarse, buff-colored sandstone
good fl. red. Some fine gravel
and some organic material

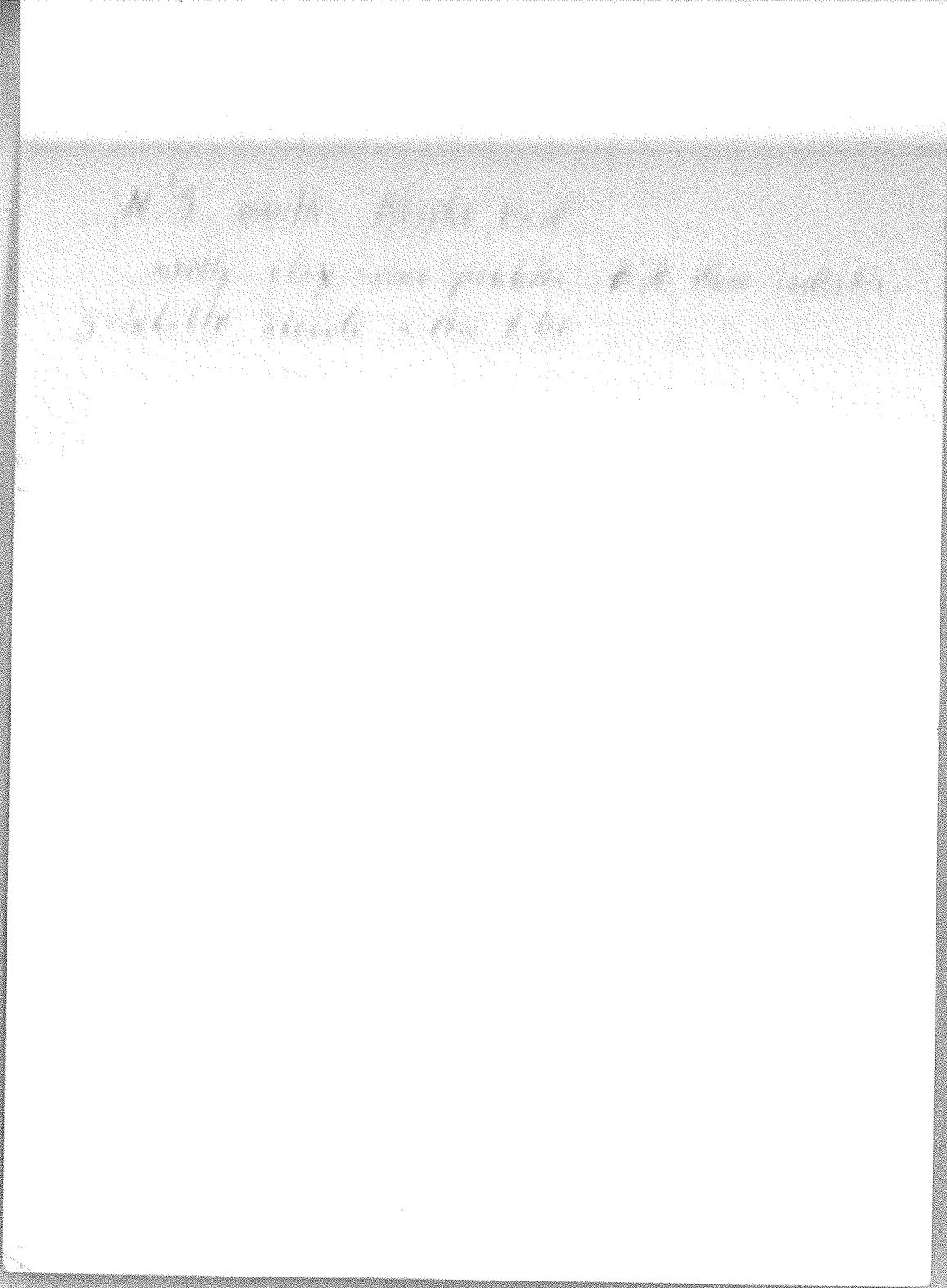
Bulk
sandy layer mixed with small gravel, fines and
clay patches.
In this layer a sandstone block 9" x 32 cm.

Predominately clay layer with sandy
patches. Some small pottery chips and
organic material (wood).
Sandstone block lies on top of clay layer

Fine sandy layer with pottery chips
North/E side of bulk mostly clay

Clay layer with abundant organic material
near large Calc. block

Some small and medium sized sandstone and river
stones level with bottom of Calc. block.
A few tiles - one is located lower than Calc. block
on top of previously mentioned stones is a
layer of greenish coloured clay which also
spills over into North side of Bulk (possibly
mudbrick)
- more tile fragments among stones ~~in~~
~~and on N side~~
all lie on top of sandy layer (virgin sand)



July 26 + 27

wash various soil samples
and take a final one from
the NE corner of collecting
basin. in two layers

Layer 1 includes the tile
fall (very thin to the east)
and main organic layer
(barley, fig. etc)

Layer 2 goes through the
sand to the fieldstone
pavement.

The precise location of sample
is face of cut in bank
made to expose the long
Capers block